Massachusetts Fires in 2002

27,380 Fires - Down 2% From 2001

62 Civilian Deaths
440 Civilian Injuries
1 Fire Service Death
621 Fire Service Injuries
\$186 Million in Property Damage
1,867 Reported Arsons





Structure Fires

11,979 Fires - Up 15%
52 Civilian Deaths
374 Civilian Injuries
1 Fire Service Death
554 Fire Service Injuries
\$165 Million in Property Damage
485 Arsons Reported



Motor Vehicle Fires

4,331 Fires -Down 16%
7 Civilian Deaths
31 Civilian Injuries
26 Fire Service Injuries
\$17 Million in Property Damage
395 Arsons Reported

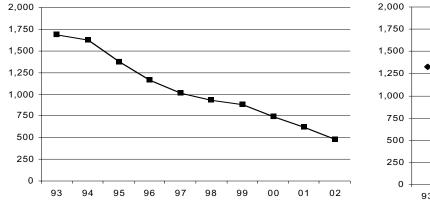


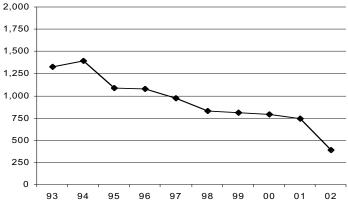
Other Fires

11,070 Fires - Down 11%
3 Civilian Deaths
35 Civilian Injuries
40 Fire Service Injuries
\$4 Million in Property Damage
987 Arsons Reported

Structure Arson by Year

Motor Vehicle Arson by Year





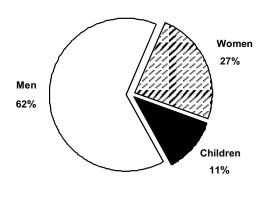
Structure arson fell 22% and motor vehicle arson fell 47% from 2000 to 2001. Since 1985, motor vehicle arson has fallen 92%. For statistical purposes, a fire is considered arson when the cause is listed as intentional & age is not a factor or the person involved was over 18. This definition excludes many "suspicious" and juvenile-set fires that were captured in MFIRS v4.

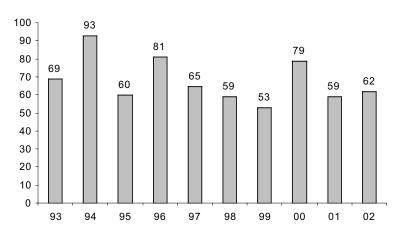
2001 was the first year of the revised Massachusetts Fire Incident Reporting System (MFIRS v5).

Massachusetts Fire Deaths in 2002

Civilian Fire Deaths

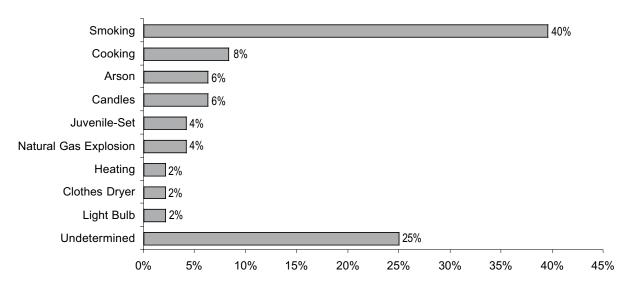
Fire Deaths by Year





- 55 fatal fires killed 62 civilians 38 men, 17 women and 7 children. One firefighter died in a fire in 2002.
- 1 in 3 fatal fire victims was an older adult (over 65).
- Fire deaths increased 5% from the 59 deaths reported in 2001.
- 77% of the civilian fire victims died in their homes.
- Improper or unsafe use of smoking materials was the leading cause of residential structure fire deaths. Smoking caused 19, or 40%, of residential structure fire deaths.

Causes of Residential Structure Fire Deaths



Test your smoke detector and plan your escape! *Fire doesn't wait!*

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